

ΑΣΚΗΣΕΙΣ ΣΤΙΣ ΕΞΙΣΩΣΕΙΣ Α' ΒΑΘΜΟΥ

Να λύσετε τις εξισώσεις:

$$1. \ 3(2x + 4) + 3 = 5(x - 2) + 27$$

$$2. \ 2(x - 1) + 5x = 7(x - 2) - 5$$

$$3. \ 4x - 2(x - 2) = 8$$

$$4. \ 2(3 - 2x) + 2 = 3(x - 4) - 5(x + 2)$$

$$5. \ \frac{x-4}{2} - \frac{7-x}{4} = \frac{3x+3}{2}$$

$$6. \ \frac{2x+3}{9} - \frac{3-5x}{6} = 3$$

$$7. \ \frac{x}{4} - \frac{2x+1}{3} = \frac{1-x}{5}$$

$$8. \ \frac{x+5}{15} + \frac{4x-5}{18} = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{3-2x}{10}$$

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